



Goal:	Steps: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A _____ 2. Multiply equations to get opposite terms 3. Add equations together 4. Solve for variable 5. Substitute value into <i>any</i> equation; solve 6. Check
Linear combination OR _____	Terms that are opposite:

Example A: Solve the linear system by linear combination

Examples	Practice
A. $3x + 2y = 7$ $-3x + 4y = 5$	1. $x + y = 4$ $-x + y = -10$
B. $2a + 6z = 4$ $-2a - 7z = 6$	2. $6x + 3y = 27$ $-4x - 3y = 25$

Solve each linear system by linear combination

Examples	Practice
C. $2x - 3y = 4$ $-4x + 5y = -8$	3. $-x + 8y = -32$ $3x - y = 27$
D. $2a + 6z = 4$ $3a - 7z = 6$	4. $6x + 3y = 27$ $-4x + 4y = 27$
E. $2x + 5y = -11$ $5y = 3x - 21$	5. $4x + 7y = -9$ $3x = 3y + 18$

Algebra 2
3-2b Notes: LinSys: Elimination

A#5



Application

Example 2:

In one day the National Civil Rights Museum in Memphis, TN, admitted 321 adults and children and collected \$1590. The price of admission is \$6 for adults and \$4 for children. How many adults and how many children were admitted to the museum that day?

Unit 1: _____

Unit 2: _____

There were _____ adult tickets and _____ children tickets sold

Practice: You are selling tickets for a high school play. Students tickets cost \$4 and general admission tickets cost \$6. You sell 525 tickets and collect \$2876. How many of each type of ticket were sold?

There were _____ general tickets and _____ student tickets sold